

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

GEOGRAPHY 9696/23

Paper 2 Core Human Geography

May/June 2022

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

Insert (enclosed)

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answer four questions in total:

Section A: answer all questions.

Section B: answer one question.

- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

LICs = low income countries.

MICs = middle income countries.

HICs = high income countries.



This document has 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

#### Section A

Answer **all** questions in this section. All questions are worth 10 marks.

# **Population**

- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows average calorie consumption per person per day, for USA and China, 1968–2018.
  - (a) Using Fig. 1.1, state the number of years China had an average calorie consumption per person per day below 2000 kcal. [1]
  - (b) Compare the changes in average calorie consumption per person per day for USA and China shown in Fig. 1.1. [4]
  - (c) Suggest why an increase in calorie consumption per person per day may create problems for a country. [5]

## Population/Migration

- 2 Table 2.1 shows the reasons for internal migration for males and females in India, an MIC in Asia, in 2011.
  - (a) Compare the reasons for internal migration for males and females shown in Table 2.1. [3]
  - (b) Suggest **two** reasons for the difference in percentage between males and females moving for work in India as shown in Table 2.1. [3]
  - (c) Explain why improvements in communications in an area may increase the rate of internal migration. [4]

#### Settlement dynamics

- **3** Fig. 3.1 is a photograph which shows a car manufacturing site in Brazil, an MIC in South America, in 2018.
  - (a) State **three** different pieces of evidence from Fig. 3.1 which suggest that this is a recently developed manufacturing site. [3]
  - (b) Suggest why the location of the manufacturing site shown in Fig. 3.1 is suitable for modern-day manufacturing. [3]
  - (c) Explain why services might locate in the central business district (CBD) of urban areas. [4]

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#### **Section B**

Answer **one** question from this section. All questions are worth 30 marks.

# **Population**

- **4** (a) Describe the changes in the birth rate in the demographic transition model (DTM). [7]
  - (b) With the aid of examples, explain why infant mortality rates fall with the increased economic development of an area. [8]
  - (c) 'The main impact of a youthful population on a country is economic.'

With the aid of examples, how far do you agree with this statement?

[15]

## **Population/Migration**

**5 (a)** Describe different ways of classifying types of migrants.

[7]

- (b) With the aid of examples, explain why the level of internal migration has increased in many HICs.
- (c) 'The impact of the migration of a population into an area is always negative for the receiving/ destination area.'
  - With the aid of examples, to what extent do you agree with this view?

[15]

# Population/Migration/Settlement dynamics

**6 (a)** Describe the causes of re-urbanisation.

[7]

(b) With the aid of examples, explain the consequences of re-urbanisation.

[8]

(c) With the aid of examples, to what extent do political factors affect the location of activities within urban areas? [15]

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